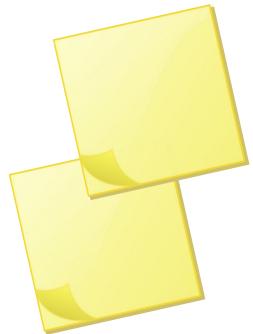
# Unpacking the Mystery of Mathematical Operations

CAMT 2019 San Antonio

Sara Delano Moore, ORIGO Education (s\_moore@origomath.com) Kimberly Morrow-Leong, George Mason University (morrowmath@gmail.com) Take 2 sticky notes and write one multiplication or division word problem on each:

- 1-step problems only
- Use 1- or 2-digit numbers
- Draw a picture to represent your solution



Put them aside for now.

# Who's Here Today?

Raise your hand if you are:

- A primary grades teacher
- An intermediate grades teacher
- A middle school teacher
- A high school teacher
- A math coach or specialist
- An administrator
- A teacher educator
- Other??



47% of word problem errors occurred before any sort of calculation process took place.

(Newman, 1977, as cited in Watson, 1980)

Watson, I. (1980). Investigating errors of beginning mathematicians. *Educational Studies in Mathematics*, 11(3), p.319–329. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/BF00697743</u>



# How are these problems the same? Different? Draw a picture and an equation for each.

Mrs. Sandoval handed out 60 stickers at lunch. She gave the first students in line 2 stickers each. How many students got stickers? Mrs. Sandoval handed out 60 stickers at lunch. She gave the first students in line 30 stickers each. How many students got stickers?

# Possible Problem Solutions: Describe the differences

#1 *	#2 * *	#3 * *	#4 * *	#5 *	#6 * *	#7 *	#8 * *	#9 * *	#10 * *	#11 * *	#12 * *	#13 * *	#14 * *	#15 * *	#16 * *	#17 * *	#18 * *	#19 * *	#20 * *	#21 * *	#22 * *	#23 * *	#24 * *	#25 * *	#26 * *	#27 * *	#28 * *	#29 * *	#30 * *
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## Multiplier Factor – Measure Factor

#### **Multiplier Factor**

- Tells "how many" or "what portion of"
- Like a scale factor
- When a fraction, it acts like an *operator*
- Tells "how many groups"
- Is the divisor in a partitive division problem
- Is the quotient in a measurement division problem
- In Marilyn Burns' "circles and stars" analogy, the multiplier is the "circle"
- In a comparison, it is the "times as many" factor

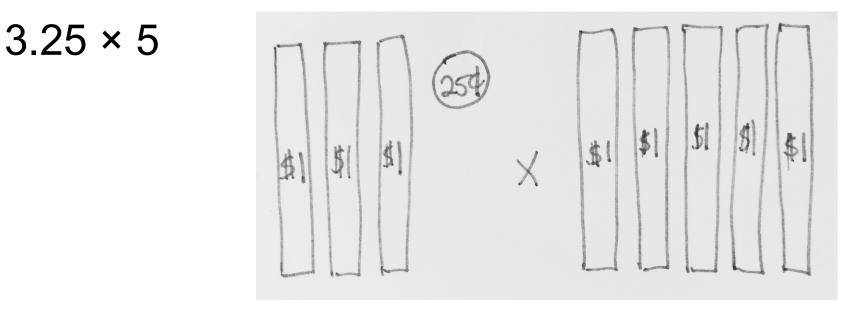
#### **Measure Factor**

- Tells what group you're making a copy of
- When a fraction, is a measurement or a number
- Tells the "size of the group"
- Is the quotient in a partitive division problem
- Is the divisor in a measurement division problem
- In Marilyn Burns' "circles and stars" analogy, the measure is the "stars"
- In a comparison, it is what is being compared

# Why does the type of the factor matter?

### Why does this model not work?

Make a drawing that shows how you can find the product. Explain your reasoning using word, pictures, and numbers.



Let's look at the TEKS



(6) Number and operations. The student applies mathematical process standards to connect repeated addition and subtraction to multiplication and division situations that involve equal groupings and shares. The student is expected to:

- (A) model, create, and describe contextual multiplication situations in which equivalent sets of concrete objects are joined; and
- (B) model, create, and describe contextual division situations in which a set of concrete objects is separated into equivalent sets.

### Grade 3

(4) Number and operations. The student applies mathematical process standards to develop and use strategies and methods for whole number computations in order to solve problems with efficiency and accuracy. The student is expected to:

- (D) determine the total number of objects when equally-sized groups of objects are combined or arranged in arrays up to 10 by 10;
- (H) determine the number of objects in each group when a set of objects is partitioned into equal shares or a set of objects is shared equally;
- (J) determine a quotient using the relationship between multiplication and division; and
- (K) solve one-step and two-step problems involving multiplication and division within 100 using strategies based on objects; pictorial models, including arrays, area models, and equal groups; properties of operations; or recall of facts.

(5) Algebraic reasoning. The student applies mathematical process standards to analyze and create patterns and relationships. The student is expected to:

- (B) represent and solve one- and two-step multiplication and division problems within 100 using arrays, strip diagrams, and equations;
- (C) describe a multiplication expression as a comparison such as 3 x 24 represents 3 times as much as 24;
- (D) determine the unknown whole number in a multiplication or division equation relating three whole numbers when the unknown is either a missing factor or product;



(4) Number and operations. The student applies mathematical process standards to develop and use strategies and methods for whole number computations and decimal sums and differences in order to solve problems with efficiency and accuracy. The student is expected to:

• (H) solve with fluency one- and two-step problems involving multiplication and division, including interpreting remainders.

#### Grade 5

(4) Algebraic reasoning. The student applies mathematical process standards to develop concepts of expressions and equations. The student is expected to:

- (B) represent and solve multi-step problems involving the four operations with whole numbers using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity;
- (D) recognize the difference between additive and multiplicative numerical patterns given in a table or graph;

### The Work of Multiplication & Division

- Think about the factors in each situation. What do they represent? What work do they do?
- Look at the units in the factors and product in the problem. Do the factors have the same unit or do the factors have two different units?
  - If the factors have the same unit, do they create a new unit?
  - If the factors have two different units, what are the containers or groups? What is in each container or group?

#### FIGURE 1.3 MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION PROBLEM SITUATIONS

#### ASYMMETRICAL (NON-MATCHING) FACTORS

	Product Unknown	Multiplier (Number of Groups) Unknown	Measure (Group Size) Unknown	
Equal Groups (Ratio/Rate)*	Mayim has 8 vases to decorate the tables at her party. She places 3 flowers in each vase. How many flowers does she need? 8×3 - x x + 8 - 3	Maytim has some vases to decorate the tables at her party. She places 3 flowers in each vase. If she uses 24 flowers, how many vases does she have? x x 3 – 24 x – 24 + 3	Mayim places 24 flowers in vases to decorate the tables at her party. If there are 8 vases, how many flowers will be in each vase? 8 × x - 24 24 + 8 - x	ingener Math Itt =
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Multiplicative Comparison	Amelia's dog is 5 times older than Wanda's 3 year-old dog. How old is Amelia's dog? 5×3 - x x+5 - 3	Sydney has \$15 to spend at the movies. Her sister has \$5. How many times more money does Sydney have than her sister has? $x \times 5 = 15$ 5 = 15 + x	Mrs. Smith has IS puzzles in her classroom. That is 3 times the number of puzzles in Mr. Jackson's room. How many puzzles are in Mr. Jackson's room? 3 x z = IS IS + 3 - z	

#### SYMMETRICAL (MATCHING) FACTORS

	Product Unknown	One Dimension Unknown	Both Dimensions Unknown
Area Array	Bradley bought a new rug for the hallway in his house. One side measured 5 feet and the other side measured 8 feet. How many square feet does the rug cover? $5 \times 8 - x$ x + 8 - 5	The 40 members of the student council lined up on the stage to take yearbook pictures. The first row started with 8 students and the rest of the rows did the same. How many rows were there? $8 \times x = 40$ x = 40 + 8	Daniella was building a house foundation using her building blocks. She started with 40 blocks. How many blocks long and wide could the foundation be? $x \times y = 40$ 40 + x = y
	Sample Space (Total Outcomes) Unknown	One Factor Unknown	Both Factors Unknown
Combinations** (Fundamental Counting Principle)	Karen has 3 shirts and 7 pairs of pants. How many unique outfits can she make? 3 × 7 = x 3 = x + 7	Evelyn says that she can make 21 unique and different ice cream sundaes using just ice cream flavors and toppings. If she has 3 flavors of ice cream, how many kinds of toppings does Evelyn have? $3 \times x = 21$ or 21+3 = x	Audrey can make 21 different fruit sodas using the machine at the restaurant. How many different flavorings and sodas could there be? $x \times y = 21$ x = 21 + y

## Which Element is Unknown?

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The product? or One of the factors?

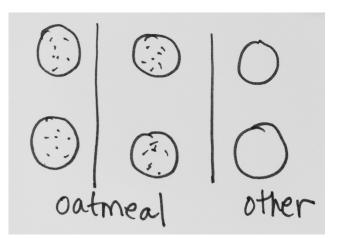
## What about remainders?

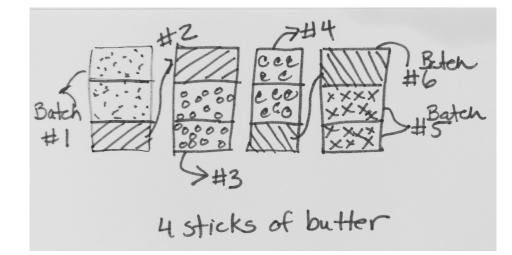
- We can put aside the remainder and use the whole number part of the result as the answer.
  - There are 45 flowers. Each bouquet requires 10 flowers. How many full bouquets can be made?
- We can use the next highest whole-number value.
  - There are 75 children going on the field trip. Each bus carries 30 children. How many buses are required for the trip?
- We can include the remainder as a partial quantity, represented as a fraction or decimal.
  - John can read about 40 pages in an hour. How long will it take him to read a 6page book?
- The remainder is the solution.
  - Mrs. King has 25 books to give to 8 students for summer reading. If each student gets the same number of books, how many will she have left?

# How are these problems the same? Different? Draw a picture and an equation for each.

2/3 of a stick of butter is needed to bake one batch of brownies. How many sticks of butter are needed to make six batches of brownies? I have 6 cookies. 2/3 of the cookies are oatmeal raisin. How many oatmeal raisin cookies do I have?

# Possible Problem Solutions: Describe the differences



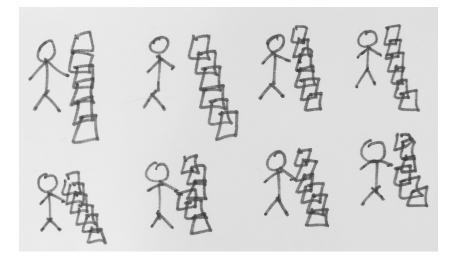


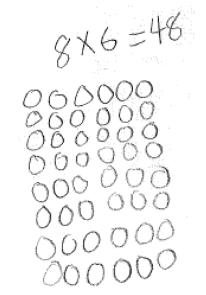
I have 6 cookies. 2/3 of the cookies are oatmeal raisin. How many oatmeal raisin cookies do I have? 2/3 of a stick of butter is needed to bake one batch of brownies. How many sticks of butter are needed to make six batches of brownies? How are these problems the same? Different? Draw a picture for each.

The 8 children in line each had 6 books to check out from the library. How many books will be checked out? The carpet at the front of the classroom measured 6 feet by 8 feet. What is the area of the carpet?



# Possible Problem Solutions: Describe the differences





The 8 children in line each had 6 books to check out from the library. How many books will be checked out?

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### The Work of Multiplication & Division

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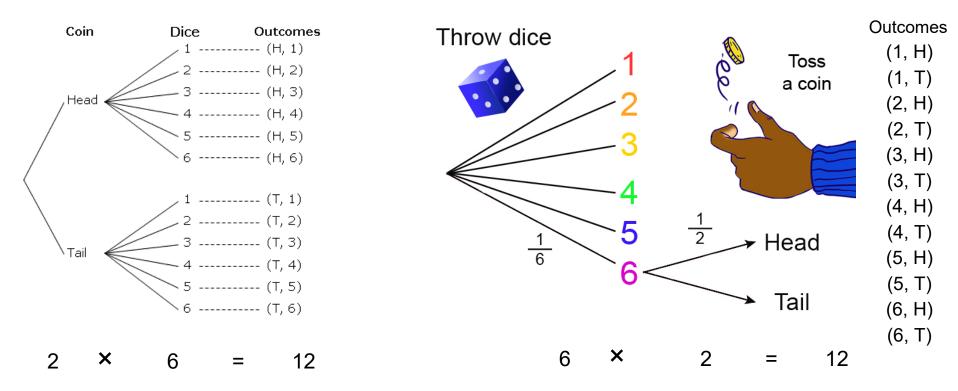
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#### **Combinations**



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The Bug Day Out

Numbers Eleven

to Sixteen

THE

SPACE

PARTY





Length

Paint a Rainbow Mice, Mice Ordinal Numbers Everywhere (Put Together)

PAINT & RAINBOW





I See, You See Identifying Quantities One to Ten





Subtraction

(Take From)

Quantities to Ten

00 Cupcake Capers Stella's Store

Skip Counting

by Five

(Take From)

A Simple Stew

Growing

Number Patterns

to Ten



One to Five

The Best Bug

Non-Standard

Units of Length



Numbers and

**Relative Position** 

The Flower Pot Hen The Space Party Multiplication Representing Data (Equal Groups)

The Cat Nap Time on the Hour

Subtraction

(Unknown Addend)

Positional

Language









Combinations

Representing Data

Addition





Shoes in Twos Relating Counting to Addition

Patterns Here, Patterns There! Patterns

Grade 2



The Fun Machine Addition and Subtraction



(Equal Groups)

Munch and Crunch Doubling and Halving



The Pirate's Gold Addition Division (Add To) (Sharing)



Where is Hare? Position, Direction, and Movement



The Big Bug Band Multiplication (Arrays)



Time Past

the Hour





Our Sister's Surprise Subtraction (Unknown Addend)

A Bear's Share Division (Sharing)

\_CI1 Nap

2D Shapes

Muddy, Muddy Mess 3D Objects and

Addtron Using Doubles to Add

Number

How Many Legs?











### **Revisit Post it Notes**

Look again at the problems you put on the post-it notes.

What problem type(s) did you represent?



### The Work of Multiplication & Division

- Think about the factors in each situation. What do they represent? What work do they do?
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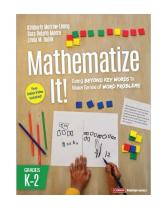
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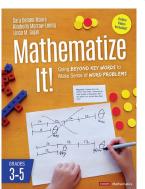
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# Thank you!



Slides available in the conference app or at <a href="https://www.origoeducation.com/camt19">https://www.origoeducation.com/camt19</a>

Sara Delano Moore, ORIGO Education (s\_moore@origomath.com) Kimberly Morrow-Leong, George Mason University (morrowmath@gmail.com)



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