

Operation Sense

Knowing and applying the full range of work for mathematical operations (for example, addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division).

Number sense and operation sense are separate but complementary ideas.

Operation Sense

- Working Models of Operations
 - Understand and use a wide variety of models of operations beyond the basic and intuitive models of operations.
- Representations of Operations
 - Use appropriate representations of actions or relationships strategically.
- → Mathematizing
 - Can mathematize a situation, translating a contextual understanding into a variety of other mathematical representations.
- Number Categories
 - Apply their understanding of operations to any quantity, regardless of the class of number.

3

This is not about computation

Computational Strategies

- Counting on or back
- Doubles
- Bridging ten
- Known related facts
- These are strategies students use to compute the answer, AFTER students understand the situation.

Models of Operations

- Operation Sense is about describing what is happening in the situation. What models and representations show the action or relationships in the problem?
- Operation sense comes BEFORE students select a computation strategy to find the solution.

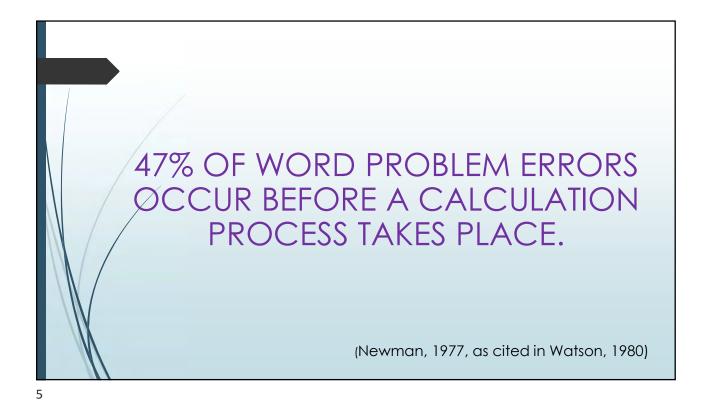
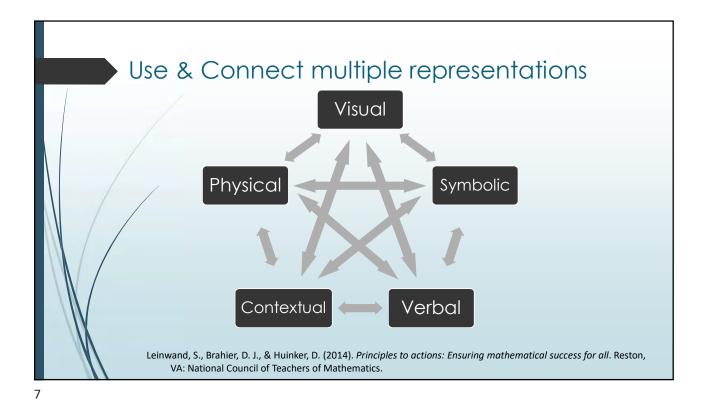


FIGURE 1.4 A MODEL FOR MATHEMATIZING WORD PROBLEMS -The Mathematizing Sandbox 2. Explore 3. Express 1. Enter Understand Show a the words solution Represent Students Students focus Students pause Students pause to identify a problem on reading comprehension and answer, "What is the show and justify a of words and story in this problem?" solution. structure that fits the quantities. story. Students focus on mathematical comprehension.

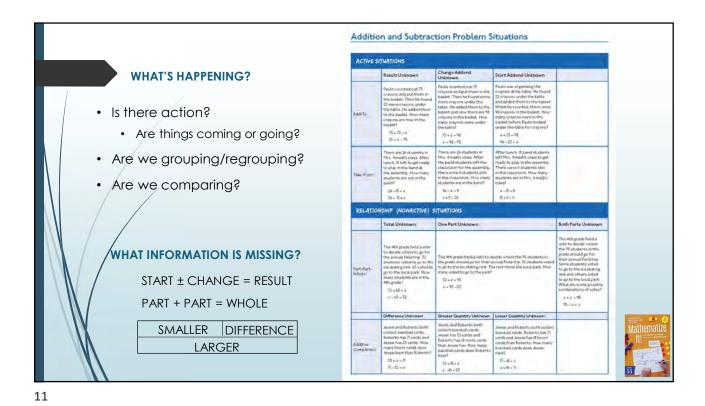


There were 9 eggs in the carton. Emily ate two eggs for her breakfast. How many eggs are léft in the carton?

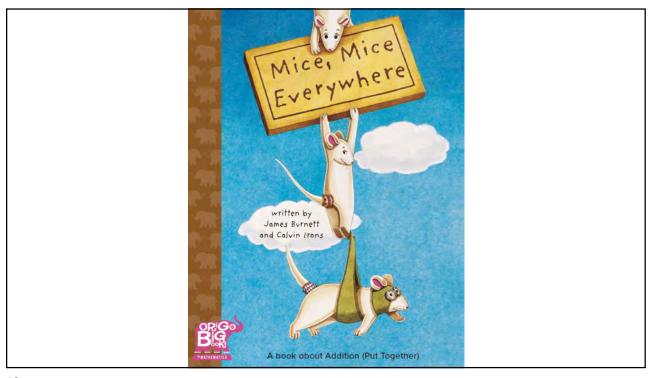
There are 9 children on the soccer team. Two of the children are wearing green shoes. The rest of the children are wearing white shoes. How many children are wearing white shoes?

Action Situations Something happens. The problem tells a story with a beginning, middle, and end. "Things" come into or leave a situation. Relationship Situations Nothing happens. In Part-Part-Whole situations, there are groups or categories of "things." Comparisons are another kind of relationship situation.

Part-Part-Whole Nothing happens. There's a group of some sort. The problem is about parts of the group. Additive Comparison Nothing happens. There are two groups of some sort. The problem is about more and less – the difference between the two groups.



Strategies
Create multiple representations with a variety of tools.
Use numberless problems to help students slow computation.
Think about what is happening in the problem.
Is it about action or relationships?
What is changing?
Are we grouping and regrouping?
Are we comparing?
Use literature to introduce situations.



13



Closing thoughts

- Operation sense is about context, not computation.
- ■Pause to mathematize when working with word problems.
- Spend time in the Mathematizing Sandbox.
- Use models and representations of operations and pause to highlight mathematical structure.
- Word problems are a tool, not the end game.

15

Mathematize It!

Going Beyond Key Words to Make Sense of Word Problems, Grades 3-5

Sara Delano Moore, Kimberly Morrow-Leong, Linda M. Gojak

Help students reveal the math behind the words

Mathematize It! shares a reasoning approach that takes the initial focus off specific numbers and computations and puts it on the actions and relationships expressed in the word problem.

Grades K-2 and 6-8 coming soon!

Save 20% 3-5 \$32.95, **\$26.95** 240 pages

CORWIN Mathematics

>>> Order your copy at corwin.com/mathematics